UK House Price Index

+6.1%

Current UK house price growth

+19%

Demand for homes, YTD v 2020 **-5**%

Flow of new supply, YTD v 2020

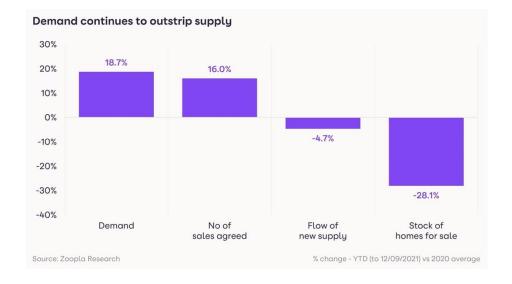
Executive summary

- No sign of a cliff-edge in demand after the ending of the tapered stamp duty holiday in England $\delta\,{\rm NI}$
- Demand remains higher than typical for this time of year, amid lower levels of supply
- Imbalance between demand and supply continuing to put upward pressure on pricing, although this will start to unwind later in year
- The market continues to move very quickly, with the time to sell a home averaging less than 30 days since May
- Buyer demand picking up in London, with a 14% rise in demand over the last month, as offices re-open and global travel resumes

"Demand from buyers searching for space, and making lifestyle changes after consecutive lockdowns, has further to run. Balancing this however, will be the more challenging economic environment as we move into Q4"

Gráinne Gilmore

Head of Research, Zoopla



+6.1%

Annual UK house price growth

Annual UK house price inflation at +6.1%

Average house price rose by +1.2% in the three months to the end of August, taking the annual rate of price growth to +6.1%, up from 2.8% in August 2020.

The average value of a home across the UK is now £235,000.

As has been the case for six months, Wales is recording the highest level of price growth at +9.8%, followed by Northern Ireland (+8.4%) and the North West of England (+8%).

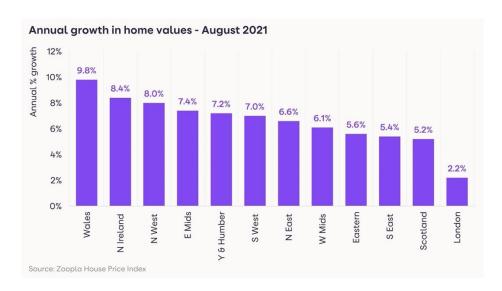
Price growth in Liverpool continues to be the highest among the UK's major cities, with average prices up +9.8% in the 12 months to September. Manchester and Sheffield are also registering high levels of growth, at +8.1% and +7.6% respectively.

Bringing up the rear in terms of house price growth is London, with average values up 2.2% on the year, below inflation.

As examined in previous reports, in the face of the very strong buyer demand evident since May last year, average home values have risen by a greater margin in regions and towns where relative affordability is greater. London is the region which has the greatest affordability constraints, with the average house price now above half a million pounds.

In addition, demand levels have also trailed in parts of London over the last 18 months due to the lack of international travel, and slower domestic demand as a cohort of buyers looked to move into the wider commuter zone or further afield amid a new flexible working environment.

There are now signs that this trend is starting to turn, with buyer demand in the capital up 14% over the last month. This translates into a 25% rise in demand for houses across London and a 6% rise in demand for flats, as life continues to return towards normality.





+35%

Buyer demand mid-September vs five-year average

Limited impact of tapered stamp duty holiday ending

As the chart below shows, the impact of the first 'main' stamp duty holiday ending at the end of June had an impact on demand and sales (sold subject to contract) levels.

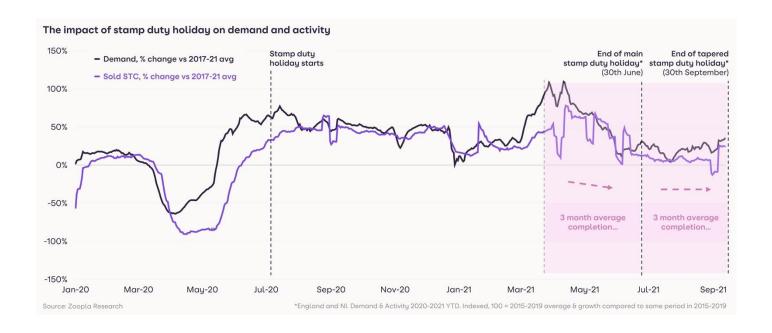
The fall in both metrics can be seen around March/April time, when buyers would have had to agree a sale in order to complete their purchase by the end of June and take advantage of the stamp duty savings of up to £15,000.

Even though buyer demand receded in Q2, it still stayed high compared to historical norms, albeit at more sustainable levels.

However, looking at late June/July for the potential impact of the withdrawal of the 'tapered' stamp duty holiday at the end of September – there is little evidence of a change to buyer behaviour.

Buyers agreeing a sale from July onwards are unlikely to benefit from the savings of up to £2,500 available for completions made by September 30th due to the time taken to complete a sale. Yet the data shows the looming deadline had little impact on demand around this time. Buyer demand is still some 35% higher than average levels recorded since 2017.

This indicates that the smaller stamp duty savings on offer have not been the primary driver of demand in the market. This underlines the importance of some wider trends in the market – namely the pandemic-driven re-evaluation of home and the resulting 'search for space' – trends that we believe have further to run into Q4.





27days

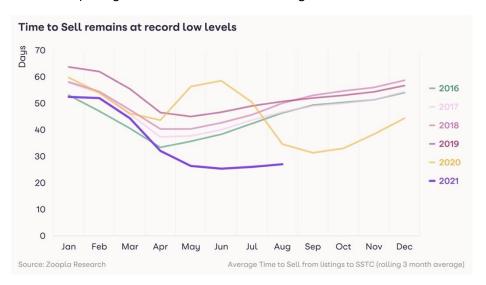
Average Time to Sell, August 2021

Rapidly moving markets

Any expectation of a slowdown in the market as the stamp duty holiday ends is further quashed when examining how quickly homes are selling.

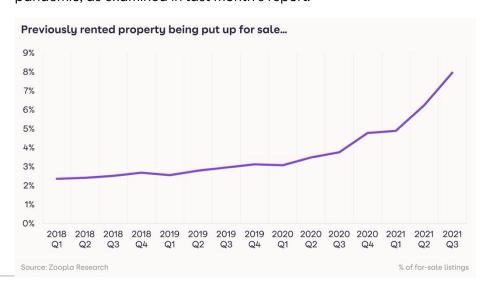
Since May this year, the average time taken for a sale to be agreed on a property from when it was listed has been below 30 days.

This measure of the speed of the market may start to edge up in the coming months as a lack of stock starts to have more of a 'self-limiting' impact on the market. Even so, it's likely that properties will sell more quickly than historical norms through Q4.



While the overall stock of housing available to buy is lower than typical levels, there are signs that some supply is coming from the rental market, as a higher proportion of landlords sell.

Around 8% of properties listed for sale have been rented out in the last 3 years, up from 3% two years ago. The proportion reaches 13% in London. Some landlords may be crystalising gains to re-invest - demand from investors has certainly risen since the start of the pandemic, as examined in last month's report.



Outlook

The ending of the 'tapered' stamp duty holiday has had little impact on buyer demand which remains higher than typical levels for this time of year.

The demand coming from buyers searching for space, and making lifestyle changes after consecutive lockdowns, has further to run.

Balancing this however, will be the ending of government support for the economy via furlough, and more challenging economic conditions overall, which we believe will have an impact on market sentiment as we move through Q4.

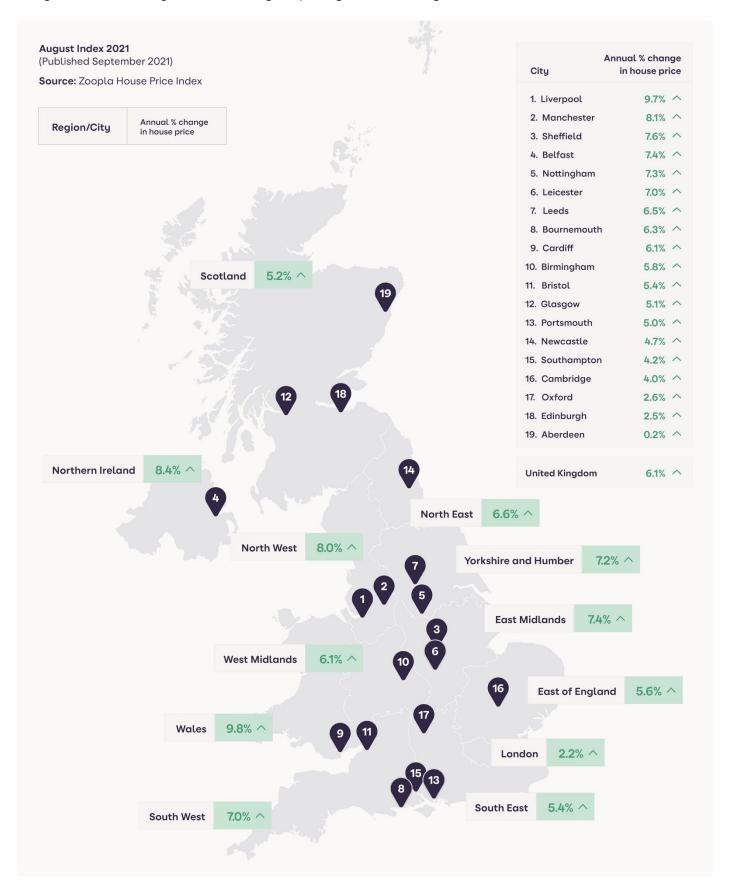
We expect the market to remain busy compared to historical norms, and for price growth to remain in firmly positive territory at the end of the year, although lower than current levels of +6.1%.

Stock levels will start to rebuild in early 2022 as market activity returns to more normal levels.



House Price Index - Country, region and city summary

Note: The Zoopla house price index is repeat sales-based price index using sold prices, mortgage valuations and data for agreed sales. The index uses more input data than any other and is designed to accurately track the change in pricing for UK housing.



Zoopla UK House Price Index, city summary August 2021

Source: Zoopla House Price Index. Sparklines show last 12 months trend in annual and monthly growth rates – red bars are a negative value – each series has its own axis settings providing a more granular view on price development.

Annual trend	Monthly trend	%yoy Aug-20	%yoy Aug-21	Average price	
	maallia.	2.8%	6.1%	£235,000	UK
	months.	3.3%	4.6%	£271,700	20 city index
.amilll	HatHb.	3.7%	9.7%	£137,600	Liverpool
amilli	amadhi.	4.7%	8.1%	£195,100	Manchester
milll	analla.	3.7%	7.6%	£153,400	Sheffield
utill	thath.	3.1%	7.4%	£151,200	Belfast
	thatIllu.	5.3%	7.3%	£175,800	Nottingham
.amatth	modu.	4.2%	7.0%	£201,100	Leicester
samulli	$0 \\ \text{mull} \\ 0.$	4.4%	6.5%	£185,900	Leeds
	amillio.	2.1%	6.3%	£309,100	Bournemouth
	nattln.	2.9%	6.1%	£228,900	Cardiff
	$\mathbf{matth}_{\mathbf{n}}$	3.5%	5.8%	£182,300	Birmingham
	$\mathbf{n}_{\mathrm{mod}}\mathbf{l}\mathbf{n}_{\mathrm{s}}$	3.5%	5.4%	£301,100	Bristol
	thouth,	2.6%	5.1%	£129,100	Glasgow
	in this	2.7%	5.0%	£254,500	Portsmouth
	amathi.	2.5%	4.7%	£137,000	Newcastle
	${\bf n}_{\rm con}{\bf d}{\bf h}{\bf t},$	1.7%	4.2%	£237,500	Southampton
	th.	1.7%	4.0%	£434,700	Cambridge
	dllin.	2.1%	2.6%	£421,900	Oxford
		4.0%	2.5%	£244,600	Edinburgh
		3.0%	2.3%	£493,400	London
		-3.5%	0.2%	£143,100	Aberdeen

Source: Zoopla House Price Index. Sparklines show last 12 months trend in annual and monthly growth rates – red bars are a negative value – each series has its own axis settings providing a more granular view on price development.

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